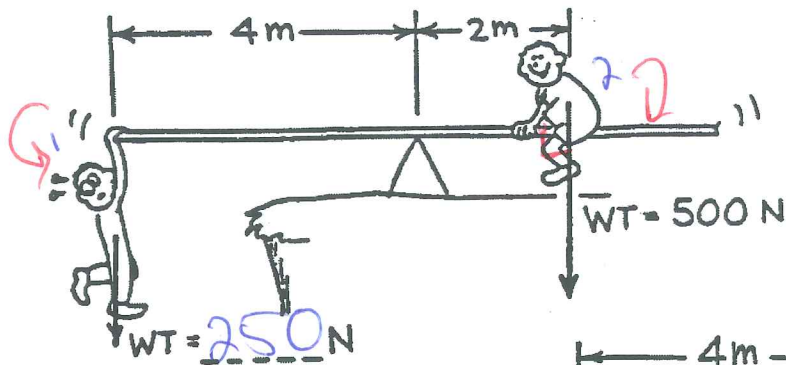


2. Complete the data for the three seesaws in equilibrium.



$\tau = F_{\perp} d$

$\tau_{net} = \tau_1 - \tau_2 = 0 \text{ Nm}$

$\tau_1 = \tau_2$

$F_1 d_1 = F_2 d_2$

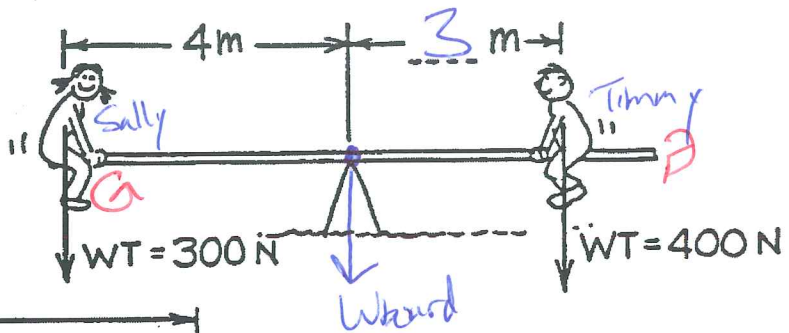
$F_1 (4\text{m}) = (500\text{N}) (2\text{m})$

$\frac{F_1}{(4\text{m})} = \frac{(500\text{N})}{(2\text{m})}$

$\tau_{aw} = \tau_{aw}$

$\tau_{sally} = \tau_{timmy}$

$(300\text{N})(4\text{m}) = (400\text{N})d$

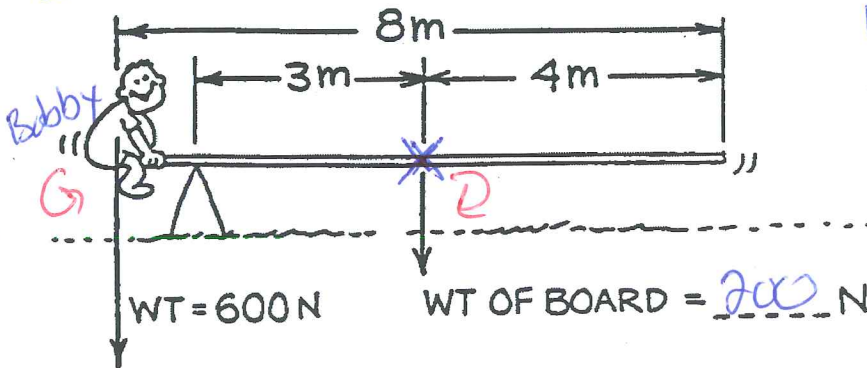


$\tau_{aw} = \tau_{aw}$

$\tau_{bobby} = \tau_{board}$

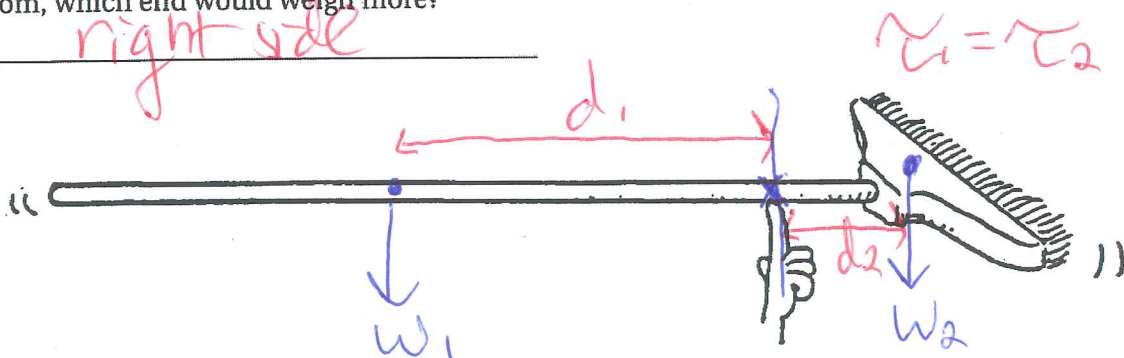
$(600\text{N})(1\text{m}) = W_b (3\text{m})$

$\frac{600\text{N}}{3\text{m}} = \frac{W_b}{(3\text{m})}$



3. The broom balances at its CG. If you cut the broom in half at the CG and weigh each part of the broom, which end would weigh more?

right side



Explain why each end has or does not have the same weight? (Hint: Compare this to one of the seesaw systems above.)

$\tau_1 = \tau_2$, b/c not rotating

$W_1 d_1 = W_2 d_2$

$\uparrow \quad \downarrow$